

Taxonomy of Dicyrtomidae (Collembola: Symphypleona) in Taiwan

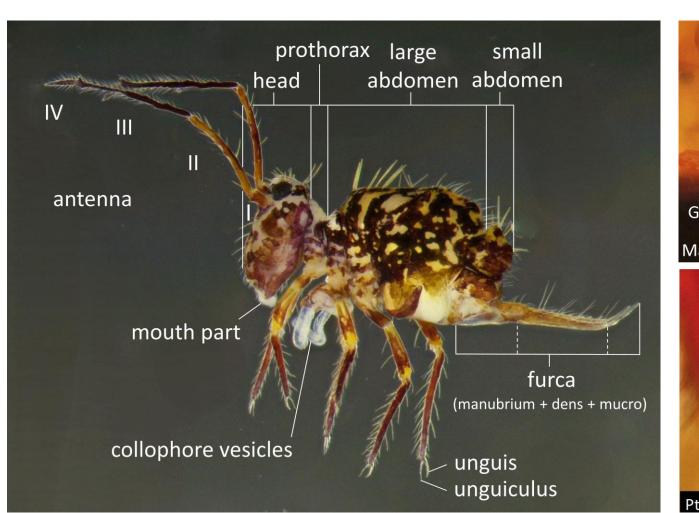


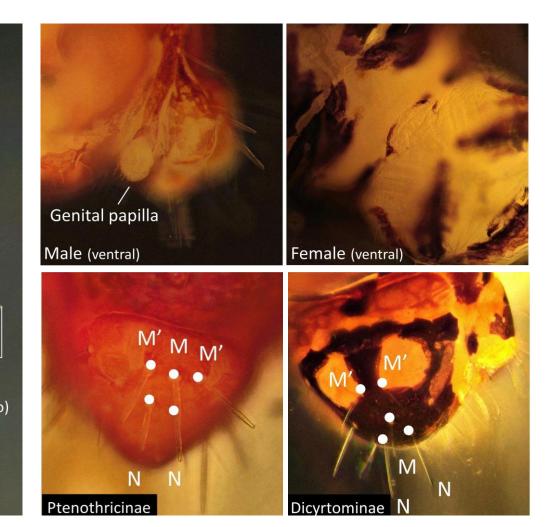
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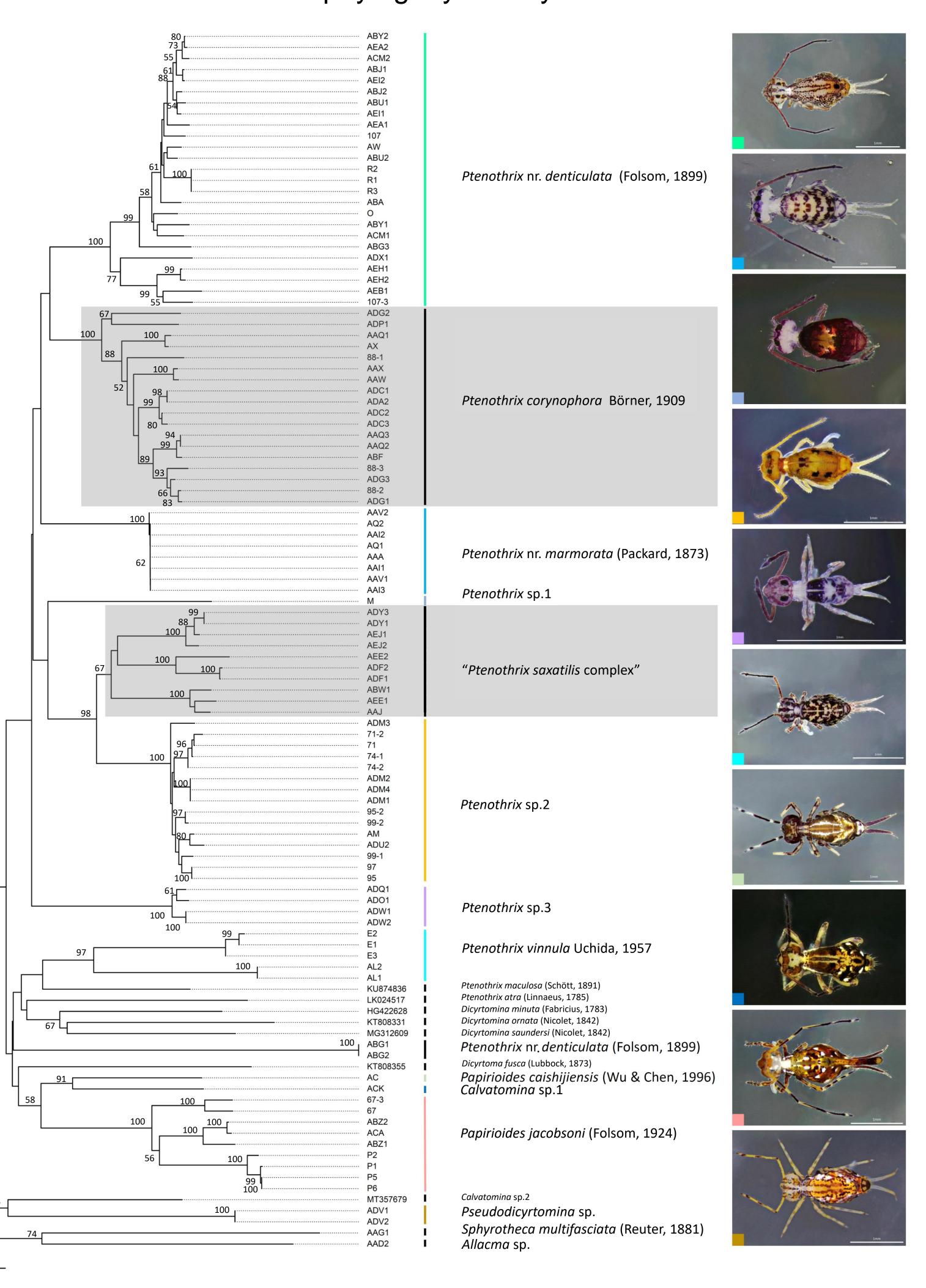
Introduction to Dicyrtomidae

- Globular springtails, Ant. VI shorter than 1/2 Ant. III. (Bretfeld 1999)
- Atmobiotic. Usually live in shady woods near soil, under stone and dead wood.
- In the world: 222 species, 9 genera, 2 subfamilies (Bellinger et al. 1996-2022)
- In Taiwan: 7 species, 3 genera, 2 subfamilies (Cheng et al. 2022)
- Most Dicyrtomidae species in Taiwan are also recorded in Japan and Korea.





COI phylogeny of Dicyrtomidae



Neighbor-joining tree based on COI sequences and Kimura's two-parameter model. Numbers near nodes are bootstrap values. Colored lines indicate potential species recognized by integrating morphological and molecular evidence. Two Sminthuridae, Sphyrotheca multifasciata and Allacma sp., are used as outgroups.

References

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- Bretfeld G (1999) Synopses on Palaearctic Collembola: Symphypleona. Abhandlungen und Berichte des Naturkundemuseums Gorlitz 71: 1–318.
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- Katz AD, Giordano R, Soto-Adames FN (2015) Operational criteria for cryptic species delimitation when evidence is limited, as exemplified by North American Entomobrya (Collembola: Entomobryidae). Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society 173(4): 818–840.

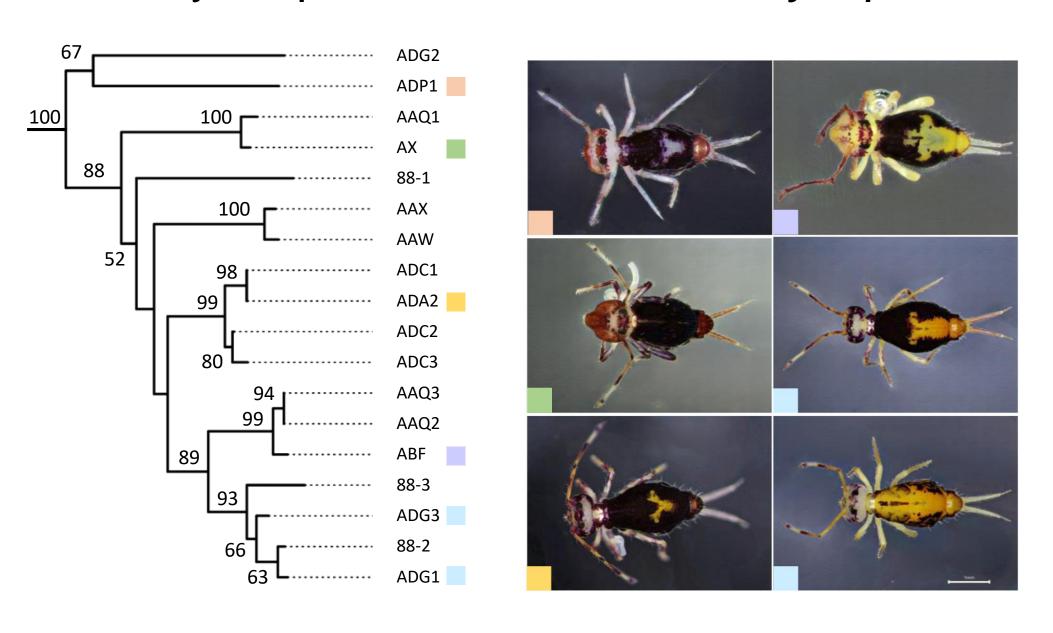
Materials and Methods

- Up to 2,000 samples were collected throughout Taiwan using beating, searching and aspirating, Berlese Funnel after sifting leaf litter, pitfall trap, and Malaise trap.
- Ethanol and slide specimens were examined using a compound microscope.
- 103 cytochrome c oxidase subunit 1 (COI) sequences were used to construct a neighbor-joining tree.
- Clades with *p*-distances larger than 8% were tentatively recognized as potential species (Katz et al. 2015). They were then combined with morphological identification for species delimitation.

Sampling locations

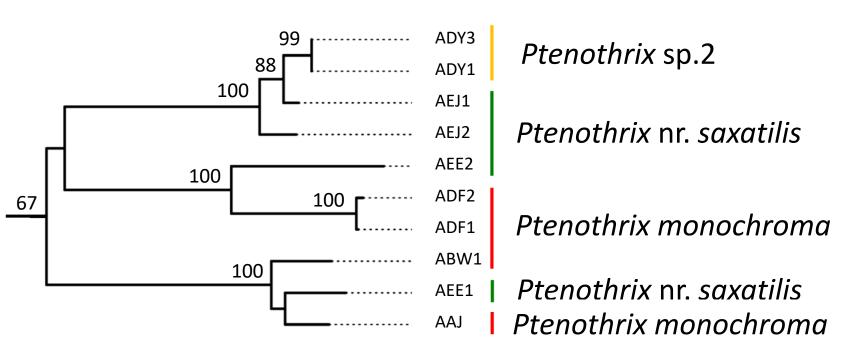


■ Polymorphism of Ptenothrix corynophora



"Ptenothrix saxatilis complex"

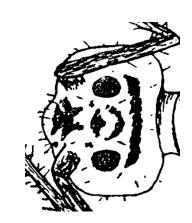
- Both *P.* nr. saxatilis and *P. monochroma* are not monophyletic.
- Ongoing literature review and morphological examination will help reevaluate their taxonomic status.





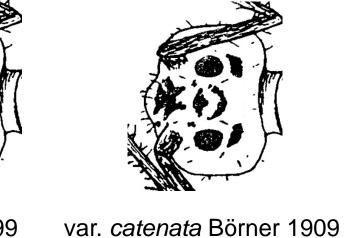
Ptenothrix denticulata (Folsom, 1899)

- Potential *P. denticulata* in Taiwan has different patches on dorsal head.
- Are the specimens in Taiwan *P. denticulata* or a different species?
- It is necessary to redescribe the species based on type specimens and acquire specimens from the type locality for molecular analysis.



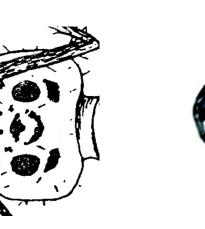
Komaba, Tokyo,

Japan



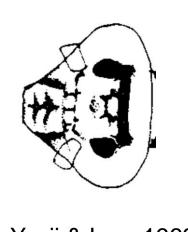
Modified from Folsom 1899

Yamanaka, Japan





Kinoshita, 1932





Yosii & Lee, 1963 Campus of Kyoto University

This study

Discussion and Conclusion

- An integrative approach based on morphology and DNA provided new insights into the taxonomy of Dicyrtomidae.
- Richness of Dicyrtomidae in Taiwan increased from 7 to 12 species, but many species remain to be discovered.
- Polymorphism is common in species of Dicyrtomidae.
- COI *p*-distance within the same population can be as high as 8.4%; the minimum of mean interspecific distances is 13.3%.
- Both *P. monochroma* and *P. saxatilis* are not monophyletic.
- 16S and 28S rRNA will be included to study the phylogeny.
- Future work will focus on the taxonomy and phylogeny of Dicyrtomidae.

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